

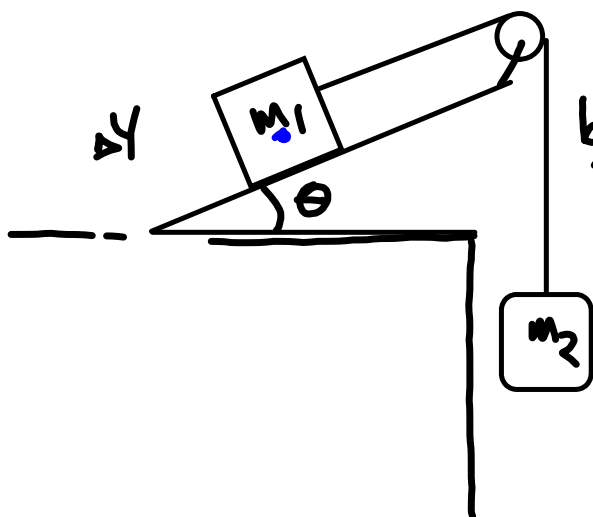
$$m_1 = 10 \text{ kg}$$
$$\theta = 30^\circ$$

a) What happens
when $m_2 = 4 \text{ kg}$?

$a_1 = ?$ (From Rest)
(No Friction)

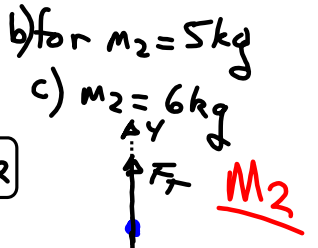
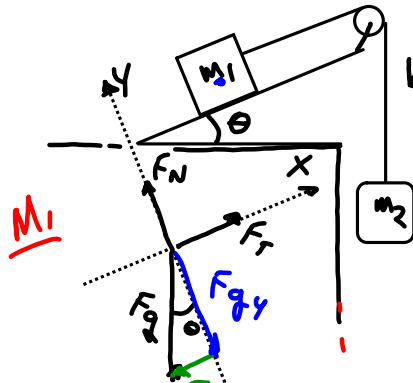
b) for $m_2 = 5 \text{ kg}$

c) $m_2 = 6 \text{ kg}$



$m_1 = 10 \text{ kg}$
 $\theta = 30^\circ$

a) What happens when $m_2 = 4 \text{ kg}$?
 $a_1 = ?$ (From Rest) (No Friction)



$F_{Rx} = F_T - F_{gx} = m_1 a_{1x}$
 $F_{gx} = F_g \sin 30^\circ$
 $F_{gx} = m_1 g \sin 30^\circ$
 $F_T - m_1 g \sin 30^\circ = m_1 a_{1x}$

$F_{Ry} = F_T - F_g = m_2 a_y$
 $F_T - m_2 g = m_2 a_y$
 $a_{1x} = -a_y$
 $F_T = m_2 a_y + m_2 g$

$F_T - m_1 g \sin 30^\circ = m_1 (-a_y)$

$m_2 a_y + m_2 g - m_1 g \sin 30^\circ = -m_1 a_y$

$m_2 a_y + m_1 a_y = m_1 g \sin 30^\circ - m_2 g$

$(m_1 + m_2) a_y = \frac{1}{2} m_1 g - m_2 g$

$a_y = \frac{(\frac{1}{2} m_1 - m_2) g}{(m_1 + m_2)}$
 $= \frac{(5 \text{ kg} - m_2) g}{10 \text{ kg} + m_2}$ $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

$m_2 = 4 \text{ kg} \quad a_y = \frac{1}{14} 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

$m_2 = 5 \text{ kg} \quad a_y = 0$

$m_2 = 6 \text{ kg} \quad a_y = -\frac{1}{16} 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$